

МАТЕРІАЛИ



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examination there were no other, than previously diagnosed during the initial examination, the category of mental pathology according to ICD-10.

Thus, mainly NPD of affective (1.2%) represents the structure of new cases of NPD diagnosed during the year of study and neurotic registers (5.34%) (In the ratio 1/5, respectively), so other forms of mental pathology occur more quickly in period before the beginning of training or at long training. Therefore, it is advisable to focus on psychoprophylactic measures to increase the stress resistance of students and their adaptive capabilities.

Zorii I.A.

CLINICAL-ELECTRONEUROMYOGRAPHIC PECULIARITIES OF SPASTIC SYNDROME IN CHILDREN WITH INFANTILE CEREBRAL PALSY

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Organic lesions of the central nervous system (CNS) are a group of nervous-psychic disorders occurring due to effect of various pathological factors on the brain. Infantile cerebral palsy (ICP) is the most spread neurological disease diagnosed in children at an early age. 80 % of children with ICP suffer from spastic forms, the main symptom of which is overactive muscular tonus – spasticity. This syndrome can be objectivized by means of electroneuromyographic (ENMG) examination which enables to get qualitative and quantitative assessment of the nervous-muscular system state.

The aim: to determine clinical and electroneuromyographic peculiarities of spastic syndrome of ICP children depending on the intensity of motor disorders. 122 ICP children are examined (an average age $8,8 \pm 3,7$ years), distributed into groups by the results of Gross Motor Function Classification Expanded & Revised (GMFCS E&R). All the patients underwent careful neurological examination and ENMG examination. To assess supra-segmental and segmental levels of nervous system lesions the parameters of H-reflex and F-wave were analyzed.

Spastic forms of ICP were diagnosed in the majority of the examined children. Orthopedic pathology was found more often among ICP children with marked motor disorders including equinovalgus position and planovalgus feet deformity. According to ENMG parameters ICP patients presented conductive disorders manifested by an increased amplitude of -response, especially in testing the tibial nerve, increased m / m ratio and the amplitudes of -reflex and F-wave.

According to the results of the study conducted, ENMG parameters changed in the side of deterioration depending on the degree of motor activity disorders by Gross Motor Function Classification.

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70-80%

(Helmstaedter C., Witt J.A., 2017).

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(Elger C.E., Helmstaedter C., Kurthen M., 2004;

., 2018; . ., 2019).

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(MOCA),

, MiniMult ,

(HRDS, HARS)

(MoCA).

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20,72 27,36

- 6,64,
(HARS), 11,64%

<0,001.

, 6,85% -

(HDRS): 28% -
, 0,68% -

: 23,29% -

, 2,74% -

78,60,

9,15.

69,45,

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2,5 100

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„ - ”

„10-20”.

18

(12

6

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90%

(<0,001)

2
(126,4 ,

..		239
..	Candida	240
..		240
..		241
..	?	242
..		243
..		244
..		245
..		246
..		247
..	3D/4D	248
..		249
..		250
..		251
..		252
..		253

12

Filipets O.O. The trends of stroke incidence in chernivtsi: analysis of epidemiological data for a ten-year period and assessment of statistical accounting.	254
Grinko N.V. Community-based participatory research methods.	255
Herasymiuk I.G. Comorbidity of recurrent depressive disorder and chronic somatic pathology.	255
Ivanova N.M. Correlation of anxiety-depressive disorders and cognitive impairment due to stroke. features of early diagnosis and treatment.	256
Nika O. Anxiety and depression symptoms in patients with migraine.	257
Savka S.D. Quality of life in patients affected by schizophrenia and comorbid cardiovascular disorders.	258
Vasylieva N.V. Psychogenic movement disorders: comprehensive review of the literature.	258
Yaremchuk O.B. Parkinson disease in the chernivtsi region of Ukraine: clinical and epidemiological study.	259
Yurtsenyuk O.S. The frequency of new cases of non-psychothotic mental disorders among students of higher educational institutions.	260
Zorii I.A. Clinical-electroneuromyographic peculiarities of spastic syndrome in children with infantile cerebral palsy.	261

• •	261
• •	262
• •	263
• •	264
• •	264
• •	265
• •	266
• •	267

13

Andriychuk D.R. Clinical course of ulcer disease in children depending on the duration of the disease.	268
Bilyk G.A. Evaluation of treatment tactics in children with bronchitis depending on its clinical features.	269
Bodnar G.B. Specifics of elemental status in children with chronic constipation.	270
Bogutska N.K. The association between pediatric type 1 diabetes mellitus and COVID-19.	271
Buryniuk-Hloviak H.P. Peculiarities of bronchial asthma course depending on the function of the parathyroid glands in patients with various amount of basic therapy by means of inhalation glucocorticosteroids.	272
Haras M.N. Neonatal COVID-19 as new experience in pandemic era.	273
Horbatiuk I.B. Clinical and paraclinical of inflammatory activity in acute tonsillopharyngitis in children.	273
Khlunovska L.Yu. Clinical case of spinal muscular atrophy.	274
Korotun O.P. Diagnostic value of some clinical indicators in identifying the risk of bronchial remodeling in children with bronchial asthma.	275
Lastivka I.V. Clinical case of tuberous sclerosis.	276
Lozyuk I.Ya. Frequency of Helicobacter pylori infection in children with inflammatory diseases of the gastrointestinal tract.	276
Marusyk U.I. Markers of atopic reactivity in the pupils, with severe bronchial asthma.	277
Myslytska H.O. Selected anamnestic and immunological risk markers in schoolchildren for atopic bronchial asthma.	278
Ortemenka Ye.P. Effect of long-term usage of inhaled corticosteroids on physical development of children with bronchial asthma.	279
Ryznychuk M.O. The state of the cardiovascular system in adolescents with hypothalamic obesity.	280
Sazhyn S.I. Spirometric indices to predict the severity of virus-induced asthma exacerbation.	281
• •	282
• •	283